

11 Health Home Core Functions

- Provide quality-driven, cost-effective, culturally appropriate, and person- and family-centered health home services.
- Coordinate and provide access to high-quality health care services informed by evidence-based clinical practice guidelines.
- Coordinate and provide access to preventive and health promotion services, including prevention of mental illness and substance use disorders.
- Coordinate and provide access to mental health and substance abuse services.
- Coordinate and provide access to comprehensive care management, care coordination, and transitional care across settings. Transitional care includes appropriate follow-up from inpatient to other settings, such as participation in discharge planning and facilitating transfer from a pediatric to an adult system of health care.
- Coordinate and provide access to chronic disease management, including self-management support to individuals and their families.
- Coordinate and provide access to individual and family supports, including referral to community, social support, and recovery services.
- Coordinate and provide access to long-term care supports and services.
- Develop a person-centered care plan for each individual that coordinates and integrates all of his or her clinical and non-clinical health-care related needs and services.
- Demonstrate a capacity to use health information technology to link services, facilitate communication among team members and between the health team and individual and family caregivers, and provide feedback to practices, as feasible and appropriate; and
- Establish a continuous quality improvement program and collect and report on data that permits an evaluation of increased coordination of care and chronic disease management on individual-level clinical outcomes, experience of care outcomes, and quality of care outcomes at the population level.

Delivery System Principals

- Demonstrate clinical competency for serving the complex needs of health home enrollees using evidence-based protocols.
- Demonstrate the ability for effectively coordinating the full range of medical, behavioral health, long-term services and supports, and social services for medically complex individuals with chronic conditions.
- Provide health home services that operate under a “whole-person” approach to care using a comprehensive needs assessment and an integrated person-centered care planning process to coordinate care.
- Have conflict of interest safeguards in place to assure enrollee rights and protections are not violated, and that services are coordinated in accordance with enrollee needs expressed in the person-centered care plan, rather than based on financial interests or arrangements of the health home provider.
- Provide access to timely health care 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to address any immediate care needs of their health home enrollees.
- Have in place operational protocol, as well as communication procedures to assure care coordination across all elements of the health care system (hospitals, specialty providers, social service providers, other community-based settings, etc.).
- Have protocols for ensuring safe care transitions, including established agreements and relationships with hospitals and other community-based settings.
- Establish a continuous quality improvement program that includes a process for collection and reporting of health home data for quality monitoring and program performance; permits evaluation of increased coordination and chronic disease management on individual-level clinical outcomes, experience of care outcomes, and quality of care outcomes at the population level.
- Use data for population health management, tracking tests, referrals and follow-up, and medication management.
- Use health information technology to link services and facilitate communication among interdisciplinary team members and other providers to coordinate care and improve service delivery across the care continuum.